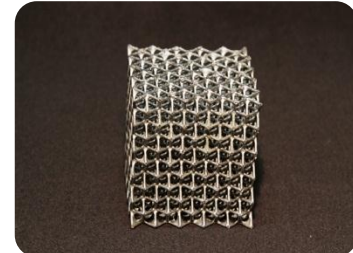
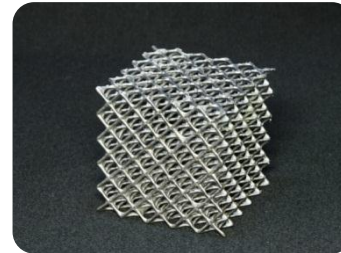
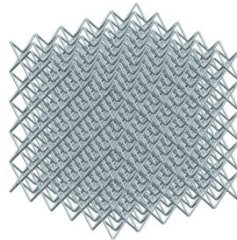
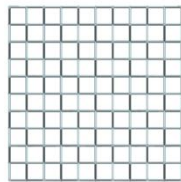
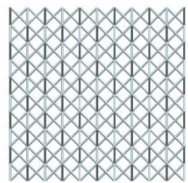


Porous Ceramics for CSP Applications



“New opportunities to increase solar absorber efficiency”

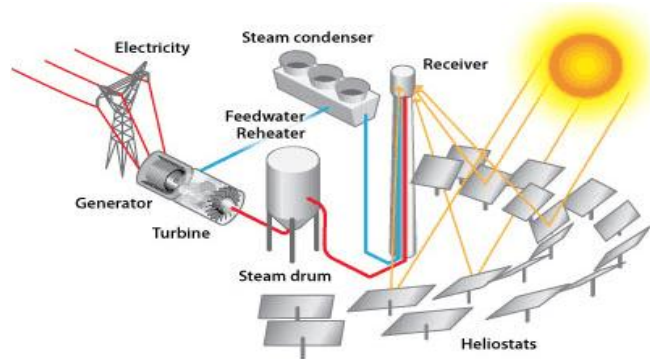
Sandro Gianella

- High temperature solar receivers
- State of the art volumetric receivers
- Optimization opportunities
- Conclusions

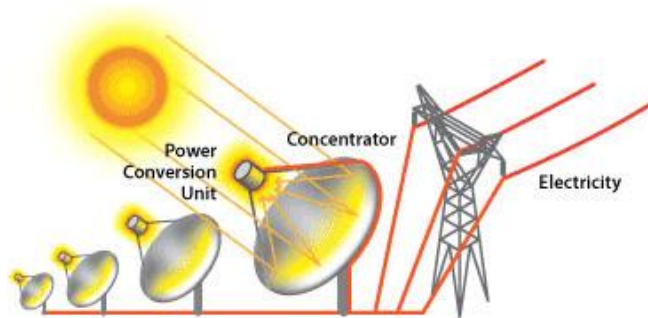
High temperature solar receivers

High temperature solar receivers

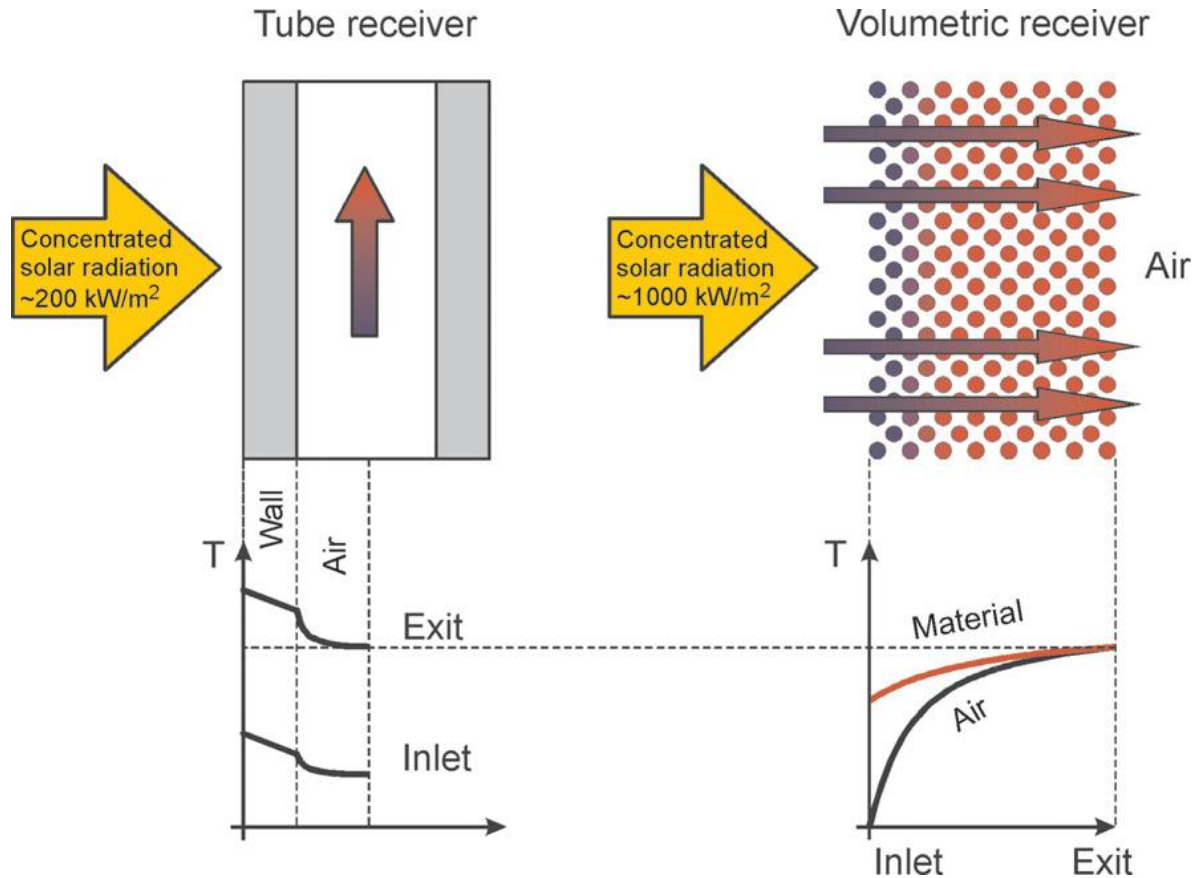
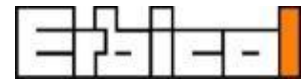
Solar tower



Dish

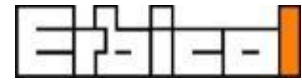


High temperature solar receivers



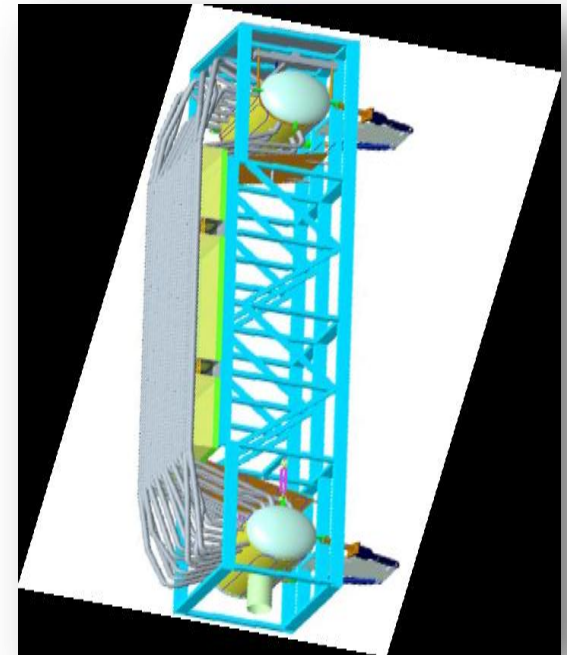
T. Fend, High porosity materials as volumetric receivers for solar energetics, Optica Applicata, Vol. XL, No. 2, 2010

High temperature solar receivers



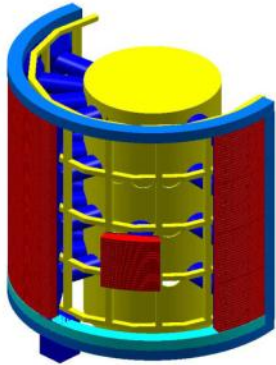
Tube receivers

- Metallic tubes (special alloy)
- Max. 650°C flow temperature
- Tube outside temperature < 900°C



Solar Two in Daggett, California, 10-MW solar thermal electric power plant

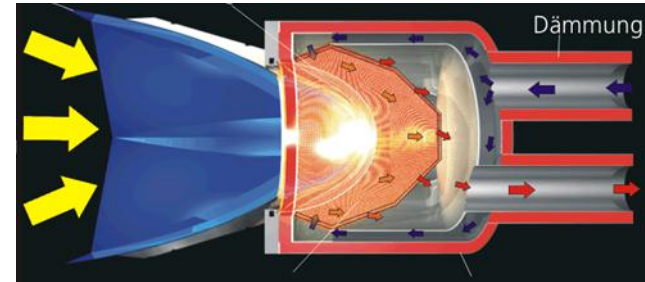
Volumetric receiver



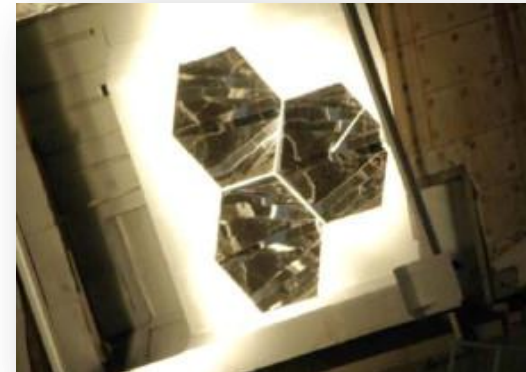
Open volumetric receiver HiTRec, DLR



Implementation, KAM, Jülich



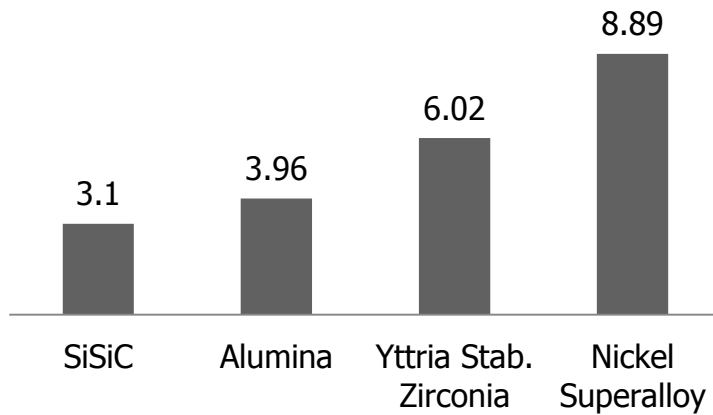
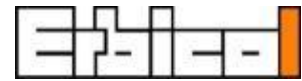
Closed (pressurized) volumetric receiver
REFOS, DLR and CIEMAT, Spain



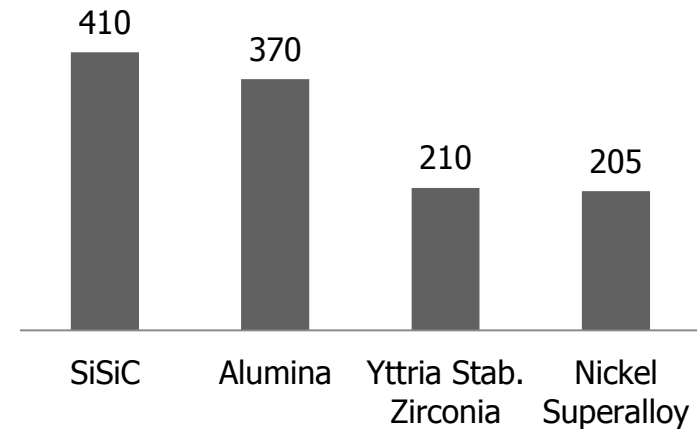
Implementation, Plataforma Solar de Almeria, Spain

State of the art volumetric receivers

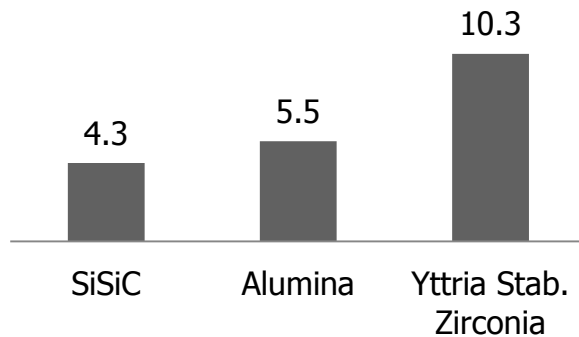
State of the art volumetric receivers



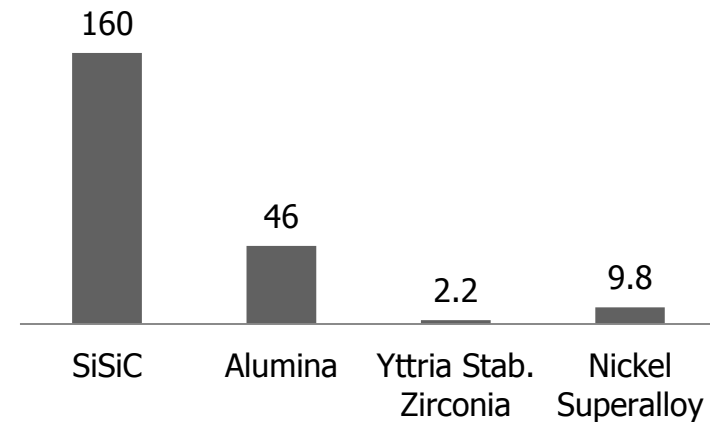
Density [g/cc]



Modulus of elasticity [GPa]

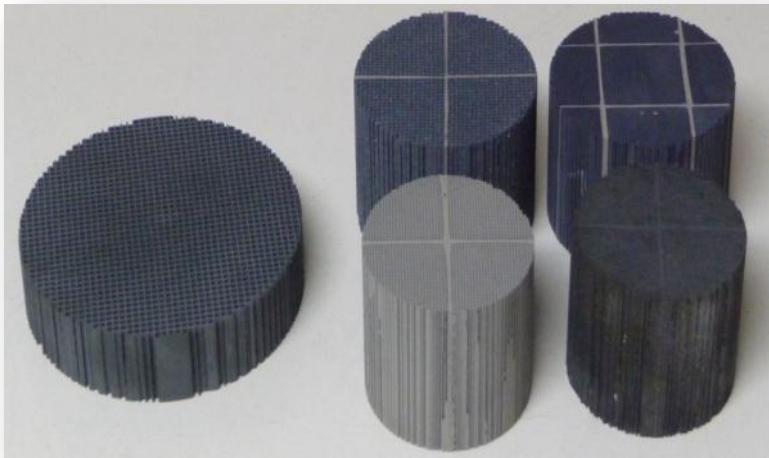


CTE linear at 25°C [µm/m-°C]



Thermal conductivity [W/m-K]

Honeycomb



Silicon carbide honeycomb, first commercial open volumetric receiver material, Saint Gobain

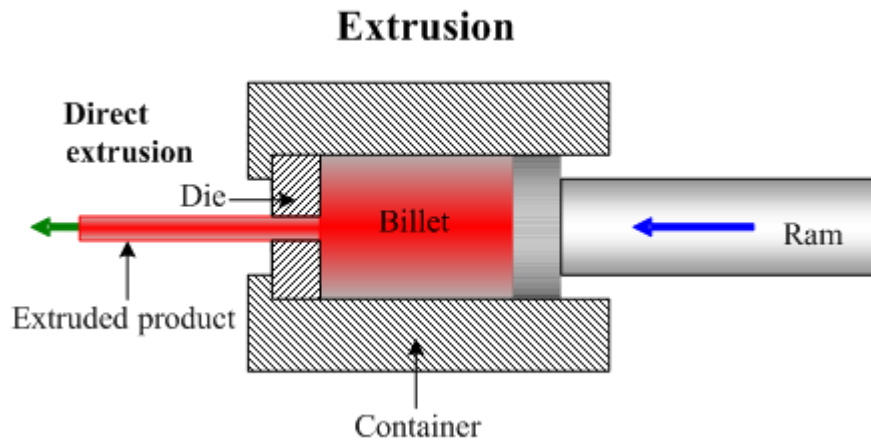


Stobbe SiSiC receivers

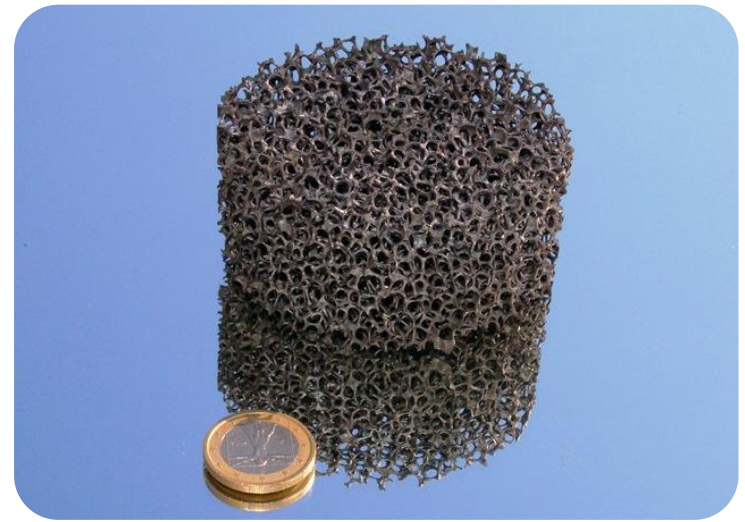
- Up to 1000°C air temperature achieved
- 80% efficiency from solar to air
- 2-dimensional flow
- Mass production



Extrusion



Foam



SiSiC foam, Erbicol SA, 3-dimensional flow

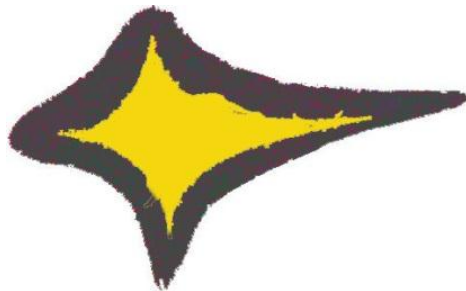
Template



Finished product



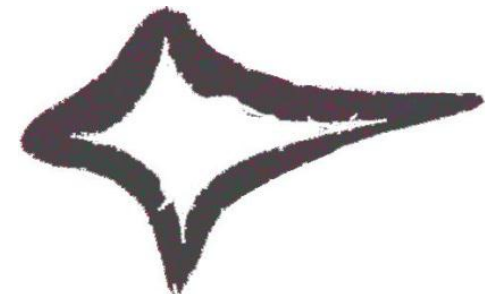
Coating



Green body



Pyrolysis



Ceramic intermediate

LSI



Optimization opportunities

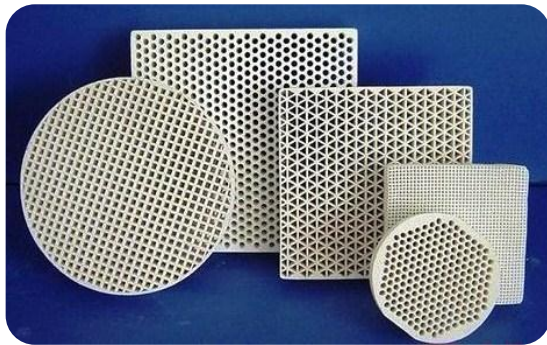
Honeycombs

Cell size

Cell shape

Wall thickness

Overall product shape



Foams

Cell size

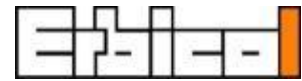
Cell orientation

Strut thickness

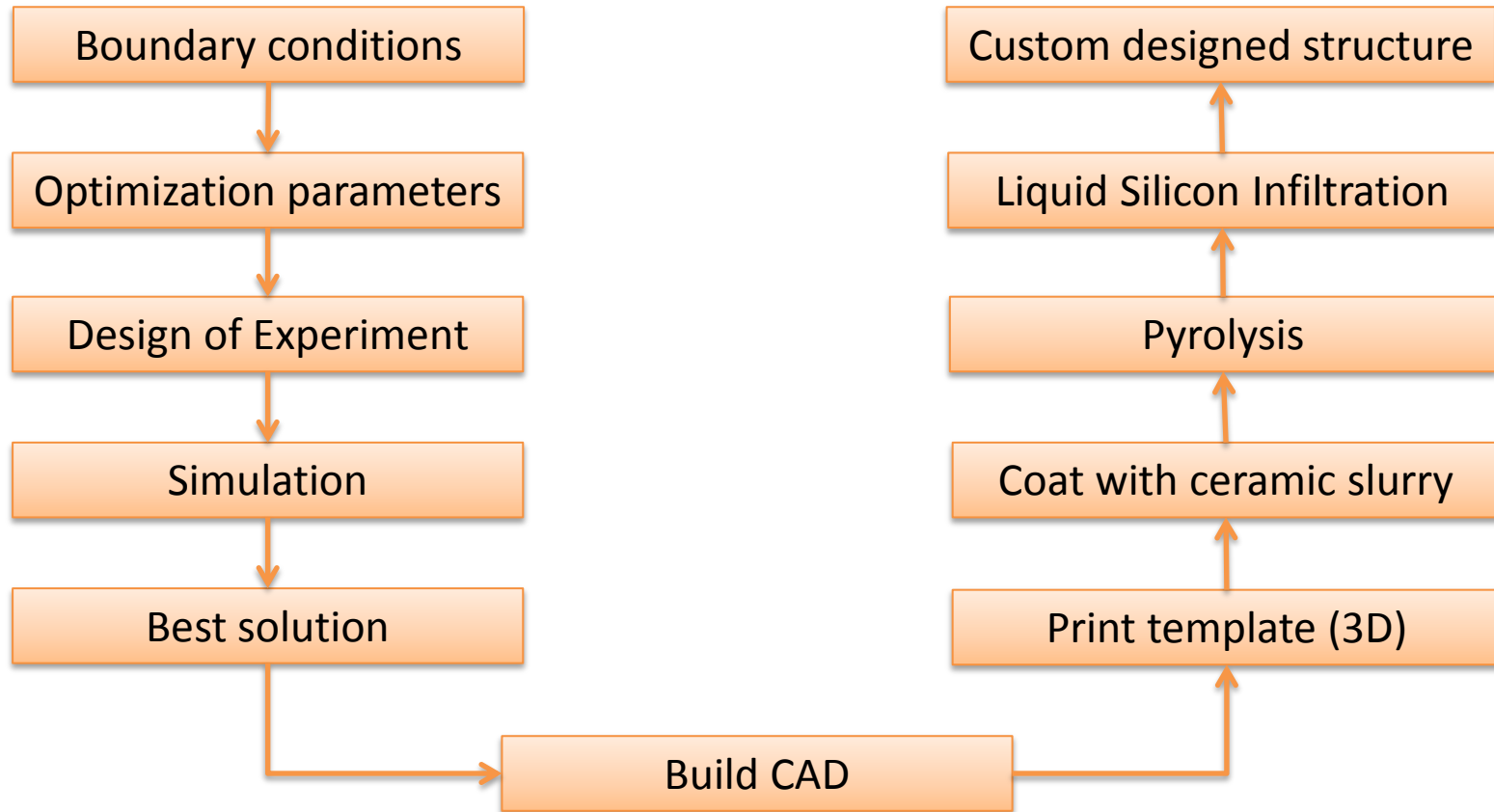
Overall product shape



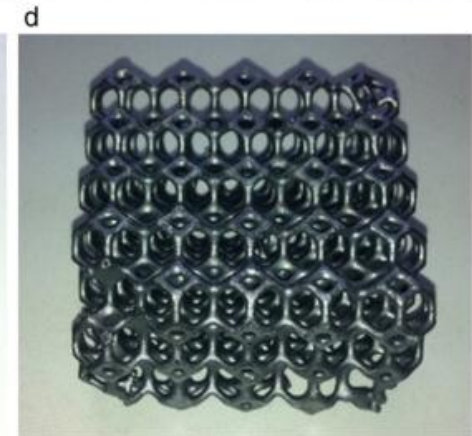
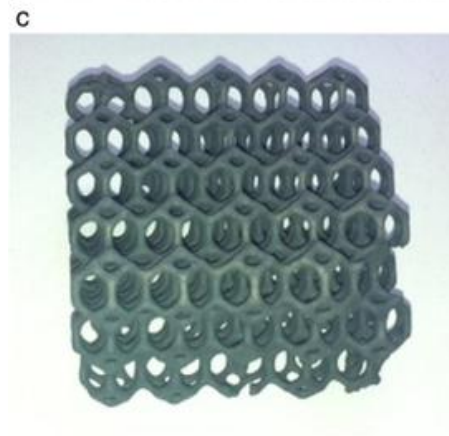
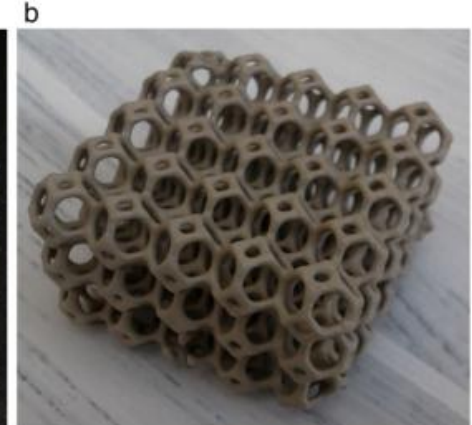
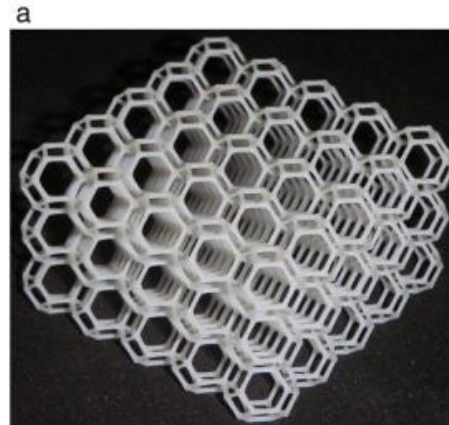
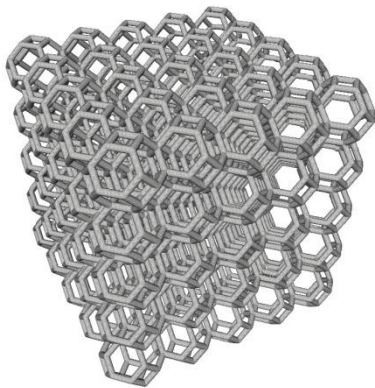
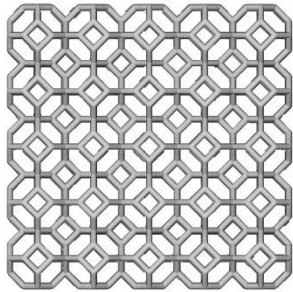
Optimization opportunities



New approach

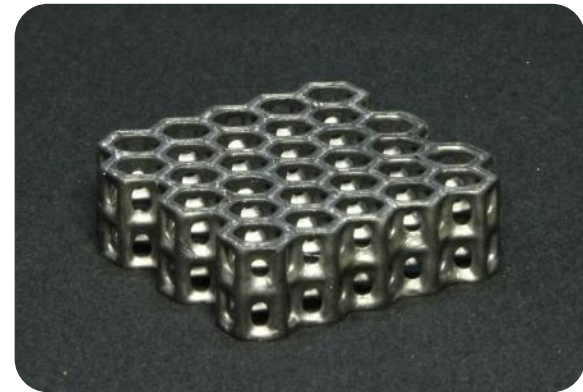
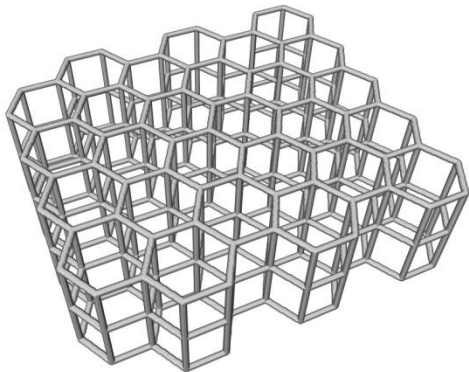
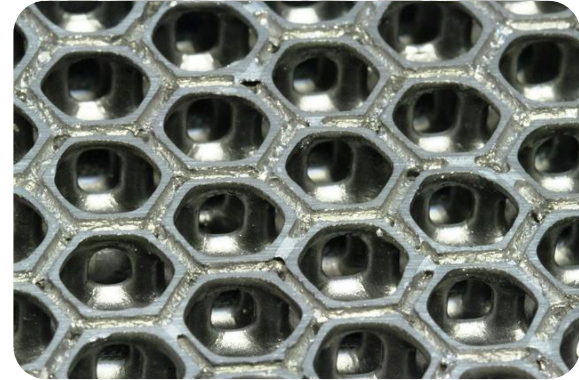
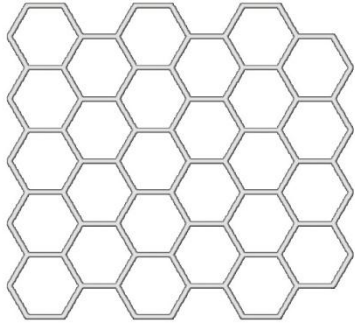


Tetrakaidecahedron

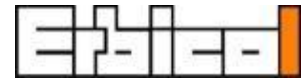


A. Ortona, C. D'Angelo, S. Gianella, D. Gaia, Cellular ceramics produced by rapid prototyping and replication, Materials Letters, Volume 80, 1 August 2012, Pages 95–98

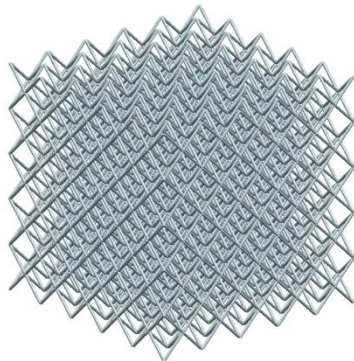
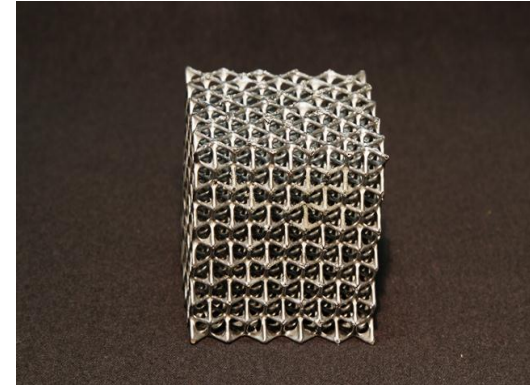
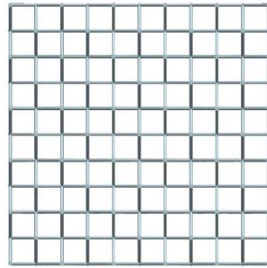
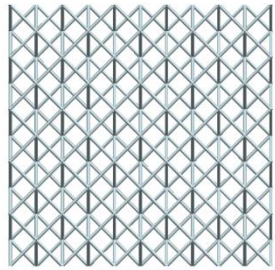
Optimization for compression



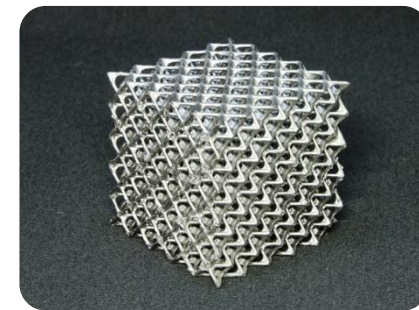
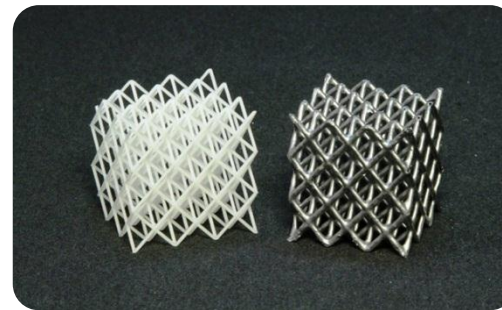
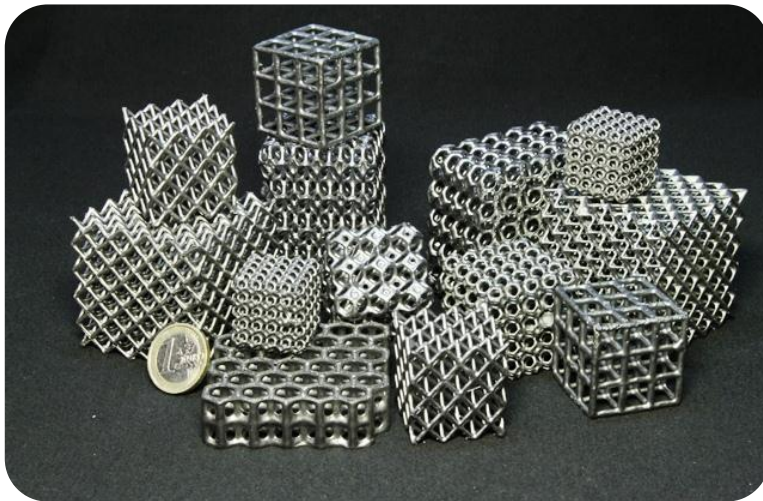
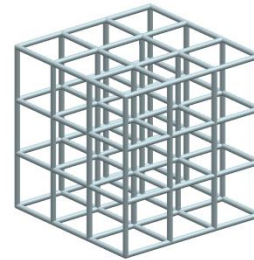
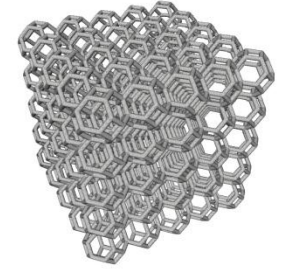
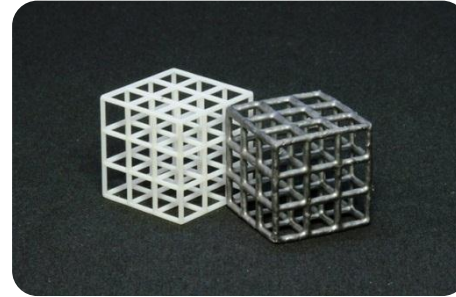
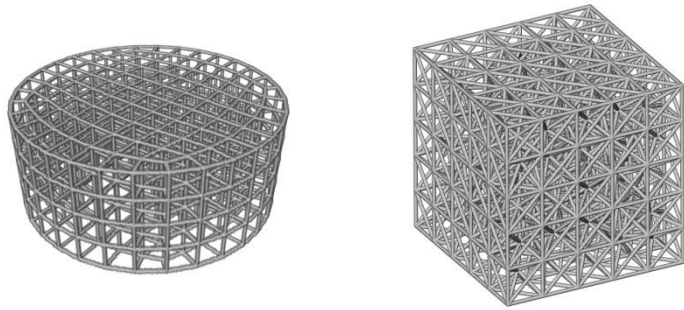
Optimization opportunities



Preferential flow direction



Optimization opportunities

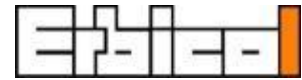


Conclusions

Engineered ceramics offer:

- Unlimited freedom
- Higher performance
- Duplicable
- Better quality control and standardization

Thanks



Sandro Gianella

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